





**TEK SATIN BLACK ACRYLIC 500ML**

|   |  |
|---|--|
| Classification (EC 1272/2008)<br>Flam. Liq. 2 - H225<br>EUH066<br>Eye Irrit. 2 - H319<br>STOT SE 3 - H336 | Classification (67/548/EEC)<br>F;R11<br>Xi;R36<br>R66<br>R67 |
|---|--|

|                   |                   |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| BUTANE            | 5-10%             |
| CAS-No.: 106-97-8 | EC No.: 203-448-7 |

|   |                                       |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| Classification (EC 1272/2008)<br>Flam. Gas 1 - H220 | Classification (67/548/EEC)<br>F+;R12 |
|---|---------------------------------------|

|                  |                   |
|------------------|-------------------|
| ISOBUTANE        | 1-5%              |
| CAS-No.: 75-28-5 | EC No.: 200-857-2 |

|   |                                       |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| Classification (EC 1272/2008)<br>Flam. Gas 1 - H220 | Classification (67/548/EEC)<br>F+;R12 |
|---|---------------------------------------|

|                   |                   |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| MESITYLENE        | < 1%              |
| CAS-No.: 108-67-8 | EC No.: 203-604-4 |

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Classification (EC 1272/2008)<br>Flam. Liq. 3 - H226<br>STOT SE 3 - H335<br>Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411 | Classification (67/548/EEC)<br>R10<br>Xi;R37<br>N;R51/53 |
|--|--|

|                  |                   |
|------------------|-------------------|
| PROPANE          | 10-30%            |
| CAS-No.: 74-98-6 | EC No.: 200-827-9 |

|   |                                       |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| Classification (EC 1272/2008)<br>Flam. Gas 1 - H220 | Classification (67/548/EEC)<br>F+;R12 |
|---|---------------------------------------|

|                   |                   |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| PROPYLBENZENE     | < 1%              |
| CAS-No.: 103-65-1 | EC No.: 203-132-9 |

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Classification (EC 1272/2008)<br>Flam. Liq. 3 - H226<br>STOT SE 3 - H335<br>Asp. Tox. 1 - H304<br>Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411 | Classification (67/548/EEC)<br>R10<br>Xn;R65<br>Xi;R37<br>N;R51/53 |
|--|--|

|   |         |
|---|---------|
| SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROMATIC | 1-5%    |
| CAS-No.: 64742-95-6                         | EC No.: |

|   |  |
|---|--|
| Classification (EC 1272/2008)<br>Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 | Classification (67/548/EEC)<br>Xn;R65. |
|---|--|

# TEK SATIN BLACK ACRYLIC 500ML

|                               |                             |        |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------|
| XYLENE                        |                             | 10-30% |
| CAS-No.: 1330-20-7            | EC No.: 215-535-7           |        |
| Classification (EC 1272/2008) | Classification (67/548/EEC) |        |
| Flam. Liq. 3 - H226           | R10                         |        |
| Acute Tox. 4 - H312           | Xn;R20/21                   |        |
| Acute Tox. 4 - H332           | Xi;R38                      |        |
| Skin Irrit. 2 - H315          |                             |        |
| Eye Irrit. 2 - H319           |                             |        |
| STOT SE 3 - H335              |                             |        |
| STOT RE 2 - H373              |                             |        |
| Asp. Tox. 1 - H304            |                             |        |
| Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412      |                             |        |

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

## SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### General information

Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

#### Inhalation

Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Keep the affected person warm and at rest. Get prompt medical attention.

#### Ingestion

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! Rinse mouth thoroughly with water and give large amounts of milk or water to people not unconscious. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

#### Skin contact

Wash the skin immediately with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

#### Eye contact

Make sure to remove any contact lenses from the eyes before rinsing. Promptly wash eyes with plenty of water while lifting the eye lids. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

## SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Extinguishing media

Use: Powder. Dry chemicals, sand, dolomite etc. Water spray, fog or mist.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

#### Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards

Aerosol cans may explode in a fire.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

#### Special Fire Fighting Procedures

Containers close to fire should be removed or cooled with water. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours.

## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Wear necessary protective equipment. Extinguish all ignition sources. Avoid sparks, flames, heat and smoking. Ventilate. Let evaporate. Keep out of confined spaces because of explosion risk. If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area.

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## 6.4. Reference to other sections

### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling, skin and eye contact. Ventilate well, avoid breathing vapours. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above accepted level.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Aerosol cans: Must not be exposed to direct sunlight or temperatures above 50°C.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1. Control parameters

| Name                 | STD | TWA - 8 Hrs |               | STEL - 15 Min |               | Notes |
|----------------------|-----|-------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|-------|
| 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL | WEL | 100 ppm(Sk) | 375 mg/m3(Sk) | 150 ppm(Sk)   | 560 mg/m3(Sk) |       |
| 2-BUTOXYETHANOL      | WEL | 25 ppm(Sk)  |               | 50 ppm(Sk)    |               |       |
| ACETONE              | WEL | 500 ppm     | 1210 mg/m3    | 1500 ppm      | 3620 mg/m3    |       |
| BUTANE               | WEL | 600 ppm     | 1450 mg/m3    | 750 ppm       | 1810 mg/m3    |       |
| XYLENE               | WEL | 50 ppm(Sk)  | 220 mg/m3(Sk) | 100 ppm(Sk)   | 441 mg/m3(Sk) |       |

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Engineering measures

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.

Respiratory equipment

No specific recommendation made, but respiratory protection must be used if the general level exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit. Use chemical cartridge protection with appropriate cartridge.

Hand protection

Use protective gloves.

Eye protection

Use eye protection.

Other Protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or prolonged vapour contact.

Hygiene measures

DO NOT SMOKE IN WORK AREA! Wash hands at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

|                               |                 |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| Appearance                    | Aerosol.        |
| Colour                        | Typical         |
| Odour                         | Characteristic. |
| Flammability Limit - Lower(%) | 0.8             |
| Flammability Limit - Upper(%) | 9.0             |

**9.2. Other information**

**SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

**10.1. Reactivity**

**10.2. Chemical stability**

Stable under normal temperature conditions.

**10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions**

**10.4. Conditions to avoid**

Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with: Strong oxidising agents. Strong alkalis. Strong mineral acids.

**10.5. Incompatible materials**

**10.6. Hazardous decomposition products**

Fire creates: Vapours/gases/fumes of: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>).

**SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**11.1. Information on toxicological effects**

**Inhalation**

May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system. Harmful by inhalation. Irritating to respiratory system.

**Ingestion**

May cause discomfort if swallowed. May cause stomach pain or vomiting. Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach.

**Skin contact**

Harmful in contact with skin. Irritating to skin. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause severe irritation. Acts as a defatting agent on skin. May cause cracking of skin, and eczema.

**Eye contact**

Irritating to eyes. May cause chemical eye burns.

**Route of entry**

Inhalation. Skin and/or eye contact.

**SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Ecotoxicity**

Dangerous for the environment if discharged into watercourses.

**12.1. Toxicity**

**12.2. Persistence and degradability**

**12.3. Bioaccumulative potential**

**12.4. Mobility in soil**

**12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

**12.6. Other adverse effects**

**SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**13.1. Waste treatment methods**

Empty containers must not be burned because of explosion hazard. Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

**SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

**14.1. UN number**

|                      |      |
|----------------------|------|
| UN No. (ADR/RID/ADN) | 1950 |
| UN No. (IMDG)        | 1950 |
| UN No. (ICAO)        | 1950 |

**14.2. UN proper shipping name**

Proper Shipping Name                      AEROSOLS

**14.3. Transport hazard class(es)**

|                     |                |
|---------------------|----------------|
| ADR/RID/ADN Class   | 2              |
| ADR/RID/ADN Class   | Class 2: Gases |
| ADR Label No.       | 2.1            |
| IMDG Class          | 2.1            |
| ICAO Class/Division | 2.1            |
| Transport Labels    |                |



**14.4. Packing group**

|                           |                |
|---------------------------|----------------|
| ADR/RID/ADN Packing group | Not Applicable |
| IMDG Packing group        | Not Applicable |
| ICAO Packing group        | Not Applicable |

**14.5. Environmental hazards**

Environmentally Hazardous Substance/Marine Pollutant  
No.

**14.6. Special precautions for user**

EMS    F-D, S-U

**14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code**

**SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

- Uk Regulatory References
- The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2002.
- The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002.
- Statutory Instruments
- Control of Substances Hazardous to Health.
- The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (S.I 2009 No. 716).
- Approved Code Of Practice
- Classification and Labelling of Substances and Preparations Dangerous for Supply.
- Guidance Notes
- Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.
- Introduction to Local Exhaust Ventilation HS(G)37.

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CHIP for everyone HSG(108).

## 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

### SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

#### Risk Phrases In Full

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| R12       | Extremely flammable.  |
| R10       | Flammable.  |
| R20/21    | Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.   |
| R20/21/22 | Harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.                               |
| R20       | Harmful by inhalation.  |
| R65       | Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.  |
| R11       | Highly flammable  |
| R36/38    | Irritating to eyes and skin.  |
| R36/37/38 | Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.  |
| R36       | Irritating to eyes.   |
| R37       | Irritating to respiratory system.   |
| R38       | Irritating to skin.   |
| R66       | Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.                                       |
| R51/53    | Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. |
| R67       | Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.   |

#### Hazard Statements In Full

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| H319   | Causes serious eye irritation.  |
| H315   | Causes skin irritation.   |
| H222   | Extremely flammable aerosol.  |
| H220   | Extremely flammable gas.  |
| H226   | Flammable liquid and vapour.  |
| H332   | Harmful if inhaled.   |
| H302   | Harmful if swallowed.   |
| H312   | Harmful in contact with skin.   |
| H412   | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.                            |
| H225   | Highly flammable liquid and vapour.   |
| H304   | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.                                 |
| H373   | May cause damage to organs <<Organs>> through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| H336   | May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  |
| H335   | May cause respiratory irritation.   |
| EUH066 | Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.                         |
| H411   | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.                              |