Revision Date 19/05/2016

Revision 8

Supersedes date 18/05/2016

# SAFETY DATA SHEET QUICKLINE YELLOW LINEMARKER

#### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name QUICKLINE YELLOW LINEMARKER

Product No. SVTQ750YLMK

# 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier James Briggs Limited

4 Howarth Court,

Gateway Crescent, Chadderton,

Oldham, Lancashire

OL9 9XB England 0161 627 0101

sds@jamesbriggs.co.uk

# 1.4. Emergency telephone number

### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical and Chemical Hazards Flam. Aerosol 1 - H222 Human health EUH066;STOT SE 3 - H336

Environment Not classified.

Classification (1999/45/EEC) F+;R12. R66, R67.

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

# 2.2. Label elements

Label In Accordance With (EC) No. 1272/2008





Signal Word Danger

**Hazard Statements** 

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Precautionary Statements** 

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P261 Avoid breathing vapour/spray.

P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.

P304+340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Supplementary Precautionary Statements

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251 Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P410+412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122°

F.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

Supplemental label information

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Contains:

SOL024 Acetone SOL059 n-Butyl acetate.

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated

# 2.3. Other hazards

# **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

# 3.2. Mixtures

1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE			< 1%
CAS-No.: 95-63-6	EC No.: 202-436-9		
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H335 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411		Classification (67/548/EEC) R10 Xn;R20 Xi;R36/37/38 N;R51/53	
1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL			1-5%
CAS-No.: 107-98-2	EC No.: 203-539-1		
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 STOT SE 3 - H336		Classification (67/548/EEC) R10 R67	
ACETONE			10-30%
CAS-No.: 67-64-1	EC No.: 200-662-2		
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 EUH066 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336		Classification (67/548/EEC) F;R11 Xi;R36 R66 R67	
BUTANE			5-10%
CAS-No.: 106-97-8	EC No.: 203-448-7		
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Gas 1 - H220		Classification (67/548/EEC) F+;R12	
BUTYL ACETATE -norm			10-30%
CAS-No.: 123-86-4	EC No.: 204-658-1		

QUICKLINE YELLOW LINEMARKER							
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		Classification (67/548/EEC)					
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226		R10					
EUH066		R66					
STOT SE 3 - H336		R67					
DIMETHYL ETHER			10-30%				
CAS-No.: 115-10-6	EC No.: 204-065-8						
CAS-NO 115-10-0	LC No 204-005-6						
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		Classification (67/548/EEC)					
Flam. Gas 1 - H220		F+;R12					
ISOBUTANE			1-5%				
CAS-No.: 75-28-5	EC No.: 200-857-2						
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		Classification (67/548/EEC)					
Flam. Gas 1 - H220		F+;R12					
MESITYLENE			< 1%				
CAS-No.: 108-67-8	EC No.: 203-604-4						
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		Classification (67/548/EEC)					
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226		R10					
STOT SE 3 - H335		Xi;R37					
Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411		N;R51/53					
PROPANE			5-10%				
CAS-No.: 74-98-6	EC No.: 200-827-9						
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		Classification (67/548/EEC)					
Flam. Gas 1 - H220		F+;R12					
PROPYLBENZENE			< 1%				
CAS-No.: 103-65-1	EC No.: 203-132-9						
01 15 11 (50 1070)							
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		Classification (67/548/EEC)					
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226		R10					
STOT SE 3 - H335		Xn;R65					
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411		Xi;R37 N;R51/53					
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM	M), LIGHT AROMATIC		1-5%				
CAS-No.: 64742-95-6	EC No.:						
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		Classification (67/548/EEC)					
CIGODIICAUCH LEC 12/2/2001		JIA3311104111 (01/340/LLO)					
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304		Xn;R65.					

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

# **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Inhalation

Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Keep the affected person warm and at rest. Get prompt medical attention.

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! Rinse mouth thoroughly with water and give large amounts of milk or water to people not unconscious. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Skin contact

Wash the skin immediately with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Eve contact

Make sure to remove any contact lenses from the eyes before rinsing. Promptly wash eyes with plenty of water while lifting the eye lids. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

#### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media

Use: Powder. Dry chemicals, sand, dolomite etc. Water spray, fog or mist.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards

Aerosol cans may explode in a fire

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special Fire Fighting Procedures

Containers close to fire should be removed or cooled with water. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours.

### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Wear necessary protective equipment. Extinguish all ignition sources. Avoid sparks, flames, heat and smoking. Ventilate. Let evaporate. Keep out of confined spaces because of explosion risk. If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

# **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

# 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling, skin and eye contact. Ventilate well, avoid breathing vapours. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above accepted level.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Aerosol cans: Must not be exposed to direct sunlight or temperatures above 50°C.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

#### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1. Control parameters

Name	STD	TWA - 8 Hrs		STEL - 15 Min		Notes
1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL	WEL	100 ppm(Sk)	375 mg/m3(Sk)	150 ppm(Sk)	560 mg/m3(Sk)	
ACETONE	WEL	500 ppm	1210 mg/m3	1500 ppm	3620 mg/m3	
BUTANE	WEL	600 ppm	1450 mg/m3	750 ppm	1810 mg/m3	
BUTYL ACETATE -norm	WEL	150 ppm	724 mg/m3	200 ppm	966 mg/m3	
DIMETHYL ETHER	WEL	400 ppm	766 mg/m3	500 ppm	958 mg/m3	
PROPANE		Asphyxiating	Asphyxiating.	Asphyxiating	Asphyxiating.	

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

Ingredient Comments

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits

### 8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment





Engineering measures

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.

Respiratory equipment

No specific recommendation made, but respiratory protection must be used if the general level exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit. Use chemical cartridge protection with appropriate cartridge.

Hand protection

Use protective gloves.

Eye protection

Wear approved chemical safety goggles where eye exposure is reasonably probable.

Other Protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or prolonged vapour contact.

Hygiene measures

DO NOT SMOKE IN WORK AREA! Wash hands at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

# **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Aerosol.

Colour Yellow.

Odour Characteristic.

Solubility Insoluble in water

Flammability Limit - Lower(%) 3.0 Flammability Limit - Upper(%) 18.6

# 9.2. Other information

# **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

# 10.1. Reactivity

## 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal temperature conditions.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with: Strong oxidising agents. Strong alkalis. Strong mineral acids.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Fire creates: Vapours/gases/fumes of: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

#### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### Inhalation

May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.

#### Ingestion

May cause discomfort if swallowed. May cause stomach pain or vomiting. Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach.

#### Skin contact

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause severe irritation. Acts as a defatting agent on skin. May cause cracking of skin, and eczema.

#### Eye contact

Irritating to eyes.

Route of entry

Inhalation. Skin and/or eye contact.

### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# Ecotoxicity

Dangerous for the environment if discharged into watercourses.

#### 12.1. Toxicity

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

# 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

# **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Empty containers must not be burned because of explosion hazard. Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

# **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

### 14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID/ADN) 1950 UN No. (IMDG) 1950 UN No. (ICAO) 1950

# 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name AEROSOLS

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID/ADN Class 2

ADR/RID/ADN Class Class 2: Gases

ADR Label No. 2.1

IMDG Class 2.1

ICAO Class/Division 2.1

Transport Labels



# 14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID/ADN Packing group Not Applicable
IMDG Packing group Not Applicable
ICAO Packing group Not Applicable

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally Hazardous Substance/Marine Pollutant No.

# 14.6. Special precautions for user

EMS 2-13

# 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

# **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Uk Regulatory References

The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2002.

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002.

Statutory Instruments

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002.

The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2002.

Approved Code Of Practice

Classification and Labelling of Substances and Preparations Dangerous for Supply.

**Guidance Notes** 

Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

Introduction to Local Exhaust Ventilation HS(G)37.

CHIP for everyone HSG(108).

# 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

# **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

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Risk Phrases In Full

R12 Extremely flammable.

R10 Flammable.

R20 Harmful by inhalation.

R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R11 Highly flammable

R36/37/38 Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

R36 Irritating to eyes.

R37 Irritating to respiratory system.

R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Hazard Statements In Full

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
 H220 Extremely flammable gas.
 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Disclaimer

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.